

Differentiation of Inverse Trig Functions Codebreaker

| A | B | C | D | E |
|---|--|--|--|---|
| $\frac{1}{\sqrt{6-x^2}}$ | $\frac{2}{\sqrt{16-x^2}} + x \sin^{-1} \frac{x}{4}$ | $(x^2+2x)(2x+2) + \frac{\cos^{-1} \frac{x}{5}}{\sqrt{25-x^2}}$ | $\frac{1}{\sqrt{64-x^2}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{22-x^2}}$ | $\frac{\sin^{-1} \frac{x}{4}}{\sqrt{16-x^2}} + 4x$ |
| F | G | H | I | J |
| $\frac{2x}{\sqrt{8-x^2}} + 2 \sin^{-1} \frac{x}{4}$ | $\frac{2x}{\sqrt{16-x^2}} + 2 \sin^{-1} \frac{x}{4}$ | $(2x+2) \cos^{-1} \frac{x}{5} - \frac{x^2+2x}{\sqrt{25-x^2}}$ | $\frac{1}{\sqrt{64-x^2}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{121-x^2}}$ | $\frac{\sin^{-1} \frac{x}{2}-x}{(\sin^{-1} \frac{x}{4})^2}$ |
| K | L | M | N | O |
| $\frac{\sqrt{2-x^2} \sin^{-1} \frac{x}{2}-x}{\sqrt{2-x^2} (\sin^{-1} \frac{x}{2})^2}$ | $\frac{1}{\sqrt{9-x^2}}$ | $\frac{1}{\sqrt{16-x^2}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{121-x^2}}$ | $4x + \sin^{-1} \frac{x}{4} \sqrt{16-x^2}$ | $(x^2+2x)(2x+2) + \frac{\cos^{-1} \frac{x}{5}}{\sqrt{10-x^2}}$ |
| P | Q | R | S | T |
| $\frac{1}{\sqrt{16-x^2}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{22-x^2}}$ | $-\frac{1}{\sqrt{9-x^2}}$ | $\frac{1+\sin^{-1} \frac{x}{2}-x}{\sqrt{4-x^2} (\sin^{-1} \frac{x}{2})^2}$ | $\frac{1}{\sqrt{64-x^2}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{121-x^2}}$ | $\frac{\sqrt{4-x^2} \sin^{-1} \frac{x}{2}-x}{\sqrt{4-x^2} (\sin^{-1} \frac{x}{2})^2}$ |
| U | V | W | | |
| $-\frac{1}{\sqrt{6-x^2}}$ | $(2x+2) \cos^{-1} \frac{x}{5} - \frac{x^2+2x}{\sqrt{10-x^2}}$ | $-(2x+2) \cos^{-1} \frac{x}{5} - \frac{x^2+2x}{\sqrt{25-x^2}}$ | | |
| X | Y | Z | | |
| $\frac{1}{\sqrt{8-x^2}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{22-x^2}}$ | $(x^2+2x)(2x+2) - \frac{\cos^{-1} \frac{x}{5}}{\sqrt{25-x^2}}$ | $\frac{\sin^{-1} \frac{x}{2}}{(\sin^{-1} \frac{x}{4})^2}$ | | |

What can go through glass without breaking it?

Differentiate the expressions below and link your answers to the table to answer the riddle:

| | | | | |
|--------------------------|--|--|---|---|
| $\sin^{-1} \frac{x}{3}$ | $\sin^{-1} \frac{x}{8} + \cos^{-1} \frac{x}{11}$ | $2x \sin^{-1} \frac{x}{4}$ | $(x^2+2x) \cos^{-1} \frac{x}{5}$ | $\frac{x}{\sin^{-1} \frac{x}{2}}$ |
| $\frac{1}{\sqrt{9-x^2}}$ | $\frac{1}{\sqrt{64-x^2}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{121-x^2}}$ | $\frac{2x}{\sqrt{16-x^2}} + 2 \sin^{-1} \frac{x}{4}$ | $(2x+2) \cos^{-1} \frac{x}{5} - \frac{x^2+2x}{\sqrt{25-x^2}}$ | $\frac{\sqrt{4-x^2} \sin^{-1} \frac{x}{2}-x}{\sqrt{4-x^2} (\sin^{-1} \frac{x}{2})^2}$ |
| L | I | G | H | T |